SERVIR West Africa



SERVIR & GLOBAL

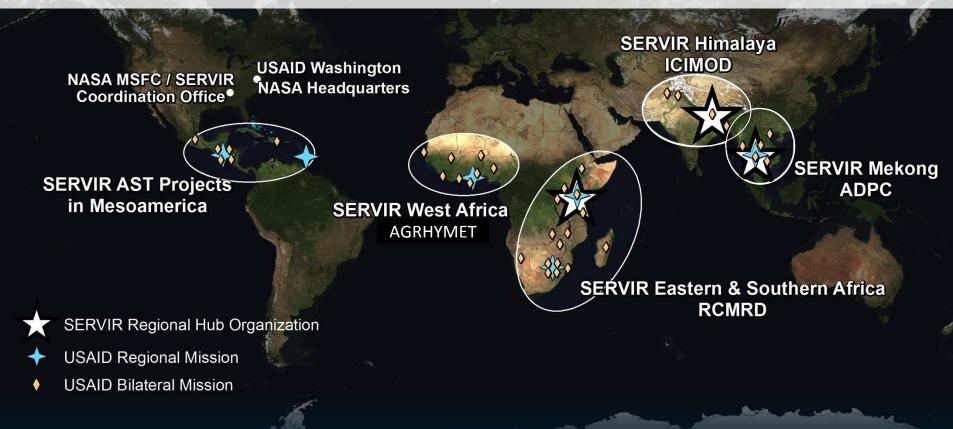
OUTLINE

- 1. WHAT IS SERVIR
- 2. SERVIR GLOBAL
- 3. SERVIR HUBS AROUND THE WORLD
- 4. AREAS OF PERFORMANCE
- 5. SERVIR WA
- 6. PARTNERS IN WA
- 7. STRATEGIC PLAN 2015 2020

What is SERVIR?



SERVIR strengthens regional institutions around the world to get Earth observation information into the hands of decision-makers to improve climate resilience of Food security; Water, Weather, and Disasters; Land Use/Land Cover



SERVIR History

SERVIR & GLOBAL

- Begun as a collaborative effort among NASA, USAID, World Bank, and Central American Commission for Environment and Development (CCAD)
- Opened first hub in Panama in 2005 to serve Central America and the Dominican Republic in cooperation with CATHALAC
- Inaugurated East & Southern Africa hub in 2008 (Nairobi, Kenya) with RCMRD
- Inaugurated Hindu Kush-Himalaya hub in 2010 (Kathmandu, Nepal) with ICIMOD
- ADPC announced as SERVIR-Mekong hub, October 2014





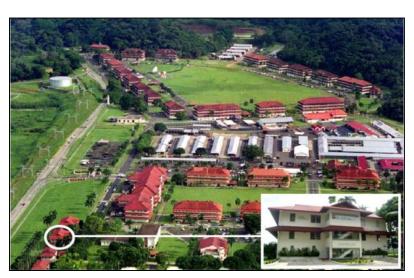




SERVIR-Mesoamerica at CATHALAC Panama City, Panama



Dedicated on February 3, 2005





- Agriculture
- Biodiversity
- Climate
- Disasters
- Ecosystems
- Health
- Infrastructure





SERVIR-East Africa at RCMRD Nairobi, Kenya



Dedicated on November 21, 2008







- Biodiversity
- Climate
- Disasters
- Ecosystems
- Health
- Water
- Weather





SERVIR-Himalaya at ICIMOD Kathmandu, Nepal



Dedicated on October 5, 2010







- Cryosphere
- Pollution
- Climate change





SERVIR-Mekong at ADPC Bangkok, Thailand



Dedicated on August 31, 2015













- Water management
- Land-use planning
- Disaster risk reduction
- Infrastructure development
- Natural resources management





Service Areas and Services IR & GLOBAL

Food security

- Agricultural monitoring
- Drought management
- Crop productivity
- Rangeland decision support
- Aquaculture decision support

Water resources and disasters

- Water resources monitoring and forecasting
- Flood management
- Hazard monitoring and forecasting
- Fire monitoring
- Water quality monitoring

Weather and climate

- Weather monitoring and forecasting
- Climate modeling and scenario planning
- Air quality monitoring
- Adaptation planning

Land cover/land use and ecosystems

- Land cover/land use change mapping
- Ecosystem management
- REDD+ decision support
- Land use decision support
- Low emission development planning

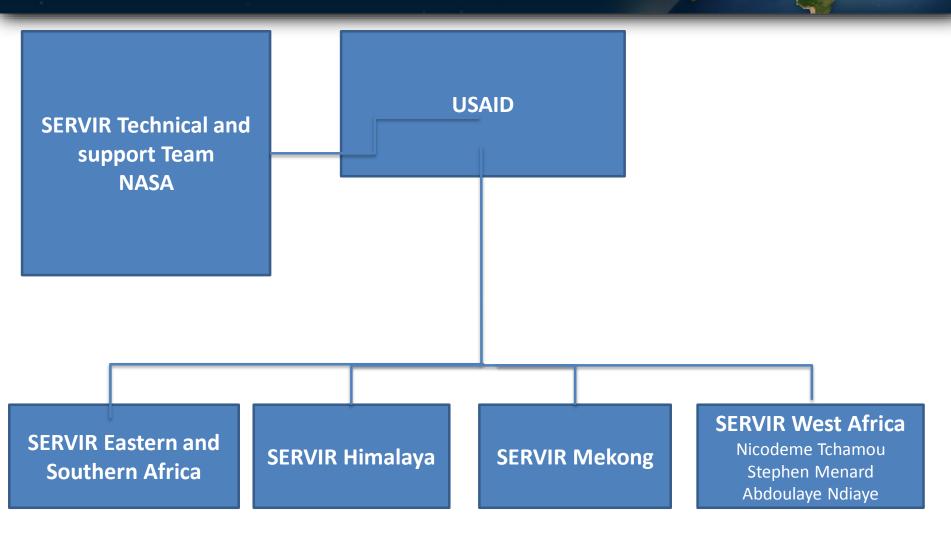
SERVIR Guiding Principles



- Responding to regional <u>development needs</u> to deliver solutions at scale
- 2. Connecting the most appropriate <u>Earth observation data and</u> <u>high quality applied science</u>
- 3. Working through co-development on <u>user-centered services</u>
- 4. <u>Building capacity</u> to strengthen service providers and promote sustainability
- Promoting <u>free and open data</u>
- 6. Sharing knowledge across hub and partner networks

SERVIR USAID Teams





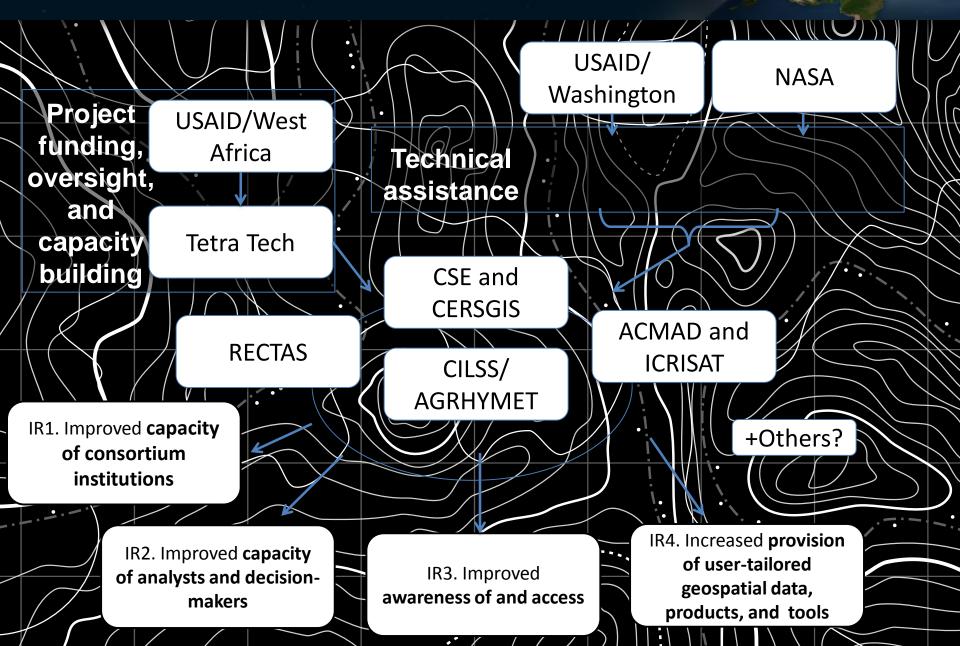




Why SERVIR for West Africa? **SERVIR** GLC Drought Flood resilience Conflicts

SERVIR W. Africa Structure







Objective: Increased use of Earth observation information and geospatial technologies in development decision-making

IR2. Improved capacity of analysts and decisionmakers to use earth observation information and geospatial information technologies

IR3. Improved awareness of and access to geospatial data, products, and tools

IR4. Increased provision of user-tailored geospatial data, products, and tools to inform decision-making

IR1. Improved capacity of hubs to function as regional service providers

Strategic Plan 2015-2020



Endorsed by USAID and NASA leadership:

- 1. Reach More Users with Demand-Driven Products and Services
- 2. Connect More Innovative and Appropriate Science to SERVIR
- 3. Expand SERVIR Networks through New Strategic Partnerships
- 4. Improve Sustainability of SERVIR at Multiple Levels